

D11 – Report on Dissemination KPIs



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1 Project description

The Automation of Digital Forensic and Incident Response (ADFIR) project, project code 09I05-03-V02-00079, focuses on the research and development of procedures, models and methods supporting the automation of digital forensic analysis and response to cybersecurity incidents. The project combines the technical, research and legal aspects of processing digital traces and uses data analytics and machine-learning methods to make the work of security teams more efficient and to support the usability of digital forensic analysis results for legal purposes as well.

The project consortium consists of Pavol Jozef Šafárik University in Košice, IstroSec s. r. o. and the European Information Society Institute (EISI). Communication, dissemination and exploitation of results form part of Work Package KPB1. The project documentation also envisages scientific publications, presentation of results at conferences and workshops, professional educational activities, and communication aimed at security professionals, legal professions, researchers, students and potential users of the project results.

2 Introduction

2.1 Purpose and scope of the report

This Report on Dissemination KPIs is public Deliverable D11 of the ADFIR project. Its purpose is to document and provide a final evaluation of the communication and dissemination activities carried out throughout the entire project period, assess the available quantitative and qualitative indicators, evaluate coverage of the target groups, and assess implementation of the Communication, Dissemination and Exploitation Plan (D7).

The report does not create additional binding target values where the project documentation does not specify a particular numerical value. In such cases, the actual measured values or a qualitative assessment are provided. Numerical project targets are used only where they are explicitly stated in the Project Description or another binding project document. D7 – Communication, Dissemination and Exploitation Plan defines the areas of quantitative and qualitative monitoring (website, LinkedIn, media publicity, publications, presentations, interactions and feedback), but does not set a minimum number of posts, conference presentations, workshops, participants or a minimum level of website traffic.

2.2 Reporting period and methodology

The report covers the entire project implementation period. For LinkedIn data, the reporting period for each metric follows the period available in the platform exports; these periods are stated separately for the relevant KPIs. For the project website, its creation, operation and content function are evaluated. Reliable analytical data on traffic, views and downloads of deliverables from the website are not available for the project period; these indicators are therefore not evaluated quantitatively.

The evaluation is based on the project documentation, D7, partner materials documenting the activities carried out, LinkedIn analytics exports, the scientific publications themselves, and the publicly available project website. Participant numbers are based on data provided by organisers or project team members. The sum of attendances does not represent the number of unique individuals, as the same person may have participated in several activities.

3 Overview of communication and dissemination activities

Project dissemination was implemented through a combination of dedicated digital channels, scientific publishing, international and national professional events, educational workshops and partner communication. This mix reflects the interdisciplinary nature of ADFIR and enabled the project to reach academia, cybersecurity and digital-forensics professionals, legal professions, public administration, the IT sector and students.

3.1 Project website

The official project website is available at <https://adfir.upjs.sk/>. The website serves as the project's central information hub and contains a description of the project and work packages, information about the project team, news, and a dedicated section for public deliverables.

As of the date of preparation of this report, at least seven project news items were publicly available on the blog, including information on the kick-off meeting, DFRWS EU 2025, ARES 2025, ITAT 2025, the student workshop, DFRWS EU 2026 and the final conference. The Project Deliverables section also provides access to public project documents and scientific publications. The website therefore serves not only an information function but also an archival and dissemination function.

3.2 Project deliverables

According to the project overview, ADFIR planned a total of 27 deliverables across five work packages. All planned 27 deliverables were created during project implementation. In terms of access regime, 23 deliverables were designated as public (P) and 4 as non-public (N). All 23 deliverables intended for public dissemination were published in a manner corresponding to their nature and the project requirements. Public deliverables therefore represent approximately 85,19 % of all project deliverables and form a significant content base for project dissemination.

Depending on the nature of each deliverable, the public-access regime was implemented mainly through publication on the project website, in open repositories, in scientific sources, through social media or at professional events. All deliverables with P status were published during the project; non-public deliverables are intended for storage in the project's internal archive. The complete list of 27 deliverables is provided in Appendix 2; in this report, the list is used primarily to quantify the scope of the results produced, their access regime and the extent of public dissemination.

Table 1 – Overview of project deliverables by work package

Work package	Number of deliverables	Public (P)	Non-public (N)
KPB1	11	7	4
KPB2	3	3	0
KPB3	4	4	0
KPB4	4	4	0
KPB5	5	5	0
Total	27	23	4

3.3 Social media – LinkedIn

The project's primary social-media channel is the ADFIR LinkedIn profile (<https://www.linkedin.com/company/adfir-project/>). Project communication was also supported through the partner profiles of EISI and IstroSec. Through social media, the partners communicated primarily about conferences, workshops, publications and project results.

Based on partner materials, nine project-relevant posts managed by EISI on the project LinkedIn profile and three IstroSec posts were quantitatively evaluated. Together, these posts achieved approximately 4,281 impressions, 879 engagements, 694 clicks, 178 reactions and 7

shares. For the official ADFIR profile, platform exports are available for new followers, page traffic and content performance for the periods available in LinkedIn Analytics.

3.4 Scientific publications

The project documentation sets an expected result of four scientific publications disseminating project results. This target was achieved beyond what was planned. Five scientific articles with a combined length of 65 pages were documented within the project.

Table 2 – Scientific publications produced and disseminated within the project

#	Title	Authors	Publication / event	Pages
1	The Impact of Anti-forensic Techniques on Data-Driven Digital Forensics: Anomaly Detection Case Study	Z. Henelová, E. Marková, P. Sokol	ARES 2025 / Springer LNCS 15996	18
2	Outline of Principles for the Analysis of Open Sources (OSINT) as Evidence in Criminal Proceedings	M. Kordík	Comenius: Acta Facultatis Iuridicae Universitatis Comenianae, 2/2026	14
3	Data-driven digital forensics: anomaly detection in Mozilla Firefox	Z. Henelová, P. Sokol, T. Bajtoš, S. P. Krišáková	ITAT 2025 / CEUR Workshop Proceedings	10
4	Formal concept analysis and attribute dependencies of NIST data leakage case	Ľ. Antoni et al.	ITAT 2025 / CEUR Workshop Proceedings	11
5	Identification of Relevant Digital Forensic Traces Using Time Window Aggregation and Hierarchical Clustering.	Bača, M., Krišáková, S. P., & Sokol, P.	CISIS 2026 / Springer Nature Switzerland	12

3.5 Conferences, workshops and other events

During the project, activities with varying levels of direct dissemination took place – from presentations of scientific outputs and the project poster, through professional and student workshops, to the final conference. For activities where participant numbers were available, the sum of declared attendances was approximately 161. This is a sum of attendances, not unique individuals.

Table 3 – Overview of main conferences, workshops and professional activities

Date	Activity	Partners	Type	Target group
01.–04.04.2025	DFRWS EU 2025, Brno	UPJŠ, IstroSec	Professional participation / networking – no active contribution	international DFIR community
11.–14.08.2025	ARES 2025, Gent	UPJŠ	Conference presentation / scientific publication	academic and professional community
26.–30.09.2025	ITAT 2025, Telgárt	UPJŠ	Conference – presentation of partial results	academic and professional community
10/2025	International ODR/DSA conference	EISI	Professional participation and discussion	lawyers, regulators, digital platforms
3.11.2025	Digital Forensic Analysis – AI Security, UPJŠ	UPJŠ	Educational activity	secondary-school students
13.11.2025	Data Analysis from Theory to Practice – Analysis of Digital Traces, UPJŠ	UPJŠ	Workshop	computer science students
23.02.2026	Digital Forensic Analysis – AI Security, SOŠ Rožňava	UPJŠ	Educational activity	secondary-school students
23.–27.03.2026	DFRWS EU 2026, Linköping	UPJŠ, IstroSec	Project poster and presentation	international professional community
04.05.2026	Digital Forensics in Criminal Proceedings – Practice, Pitfalls and Evidence, UPJŠ	UPJŠ	Workshop	computer science and law students
18.06.2026	AI Community Meetup – AI & Cybersecurity, Košice	UPJŠ, IstroSec	Professional meetup / panel	IT and security professionals, researchers, students
24.06.2026	Securing Digital Traces and Their Usability as Electronic Evidence in Criminal Proceedings, SAK	EISI / UPJŠ	Workshop	lawyers
24.06.2026	Final Conference of the ADFIR Project, Bratislava	UPJŠ, EISI, IstroSec	Separate dissemination activity	IT, security, research, public administration, law

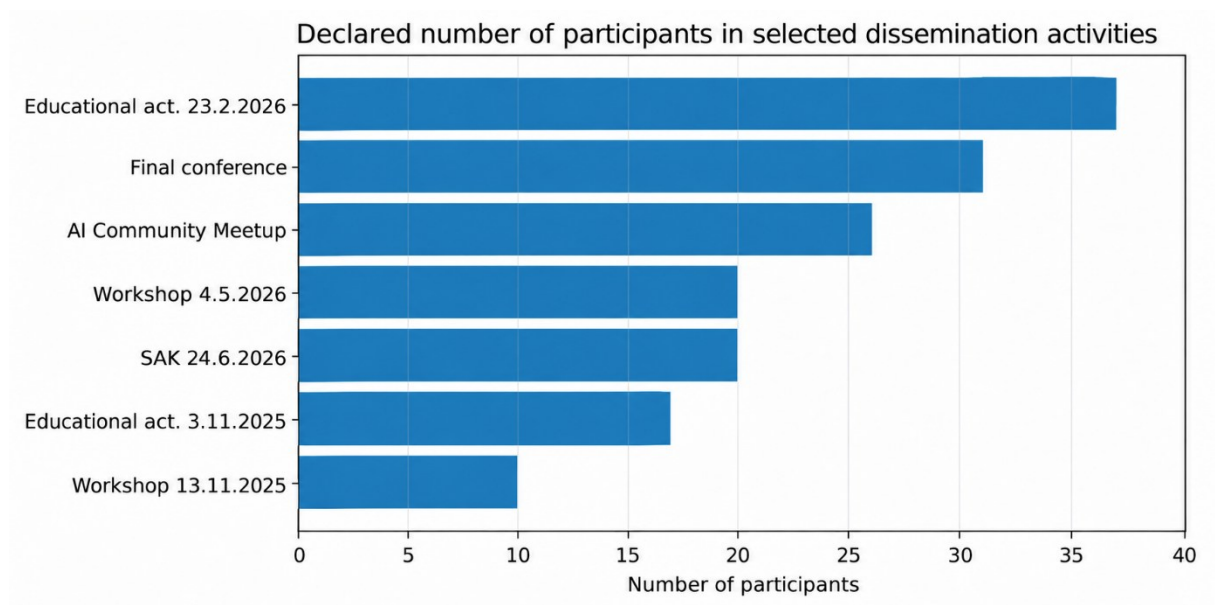


Figure 1 – Declared number of participants for activities with available data

3.6 Media and partner communication

Communication was carried out mainly through the project's own channels and the partners' channels. The available materials document regular partner communication on LinkedIn about workshops, conferences and project results. D7 also envisages the systematic preparation and distribution of press and media releases at significant milestones. However, no consolidated register of separate external media outputs or their reach was identified in the available materials; this area therefore cannot be evaluated quantitatively and is assessed as partially documented.

4 Evaluation of dissemination KPIs

4.1 Summary overview of KPIs

Table 4 – Summary overview of main KPIs and reference indicators

Indicator	Project target	Achieved value	Assessment
Project deliverables – total	27	27	achieved
Deliverables intended for public dissemination (P)	23 deliverables (P)	23 published	achieved
Datasets and databases	2	2/2 created and published (D14, D22)	achieved

Indicator	Project target	Achieved value	Assessment
Methodologies	3	3 created; public methodologies 2/2 published (D3, D23), D1 with N status	number achieved; availability according to P/N status
Methods and models	10	12 created and published (D2, D12, D13, D15–D21)	achieved
Scientific publications	4	5	achieved
Extent of scientific publications	not specified	65 pages	supplementary indicator
Dissemination activities for potential partners / users	3	7	achieved
National collaborations	2	min. 3 documented	achieved – Disig, a.s.; ESET, spol. s r.o.; Binary Confidence s.r.o.
International collaborations	2	3	Axenta a.s. (Czech Republic); The Science, Entrepreneurship and Technologies University (SET) (Ukraine) University of Malaga (Spain)
workshops for students	deliverable D26	2 workshops / 30 attendances	achieved
workshop for potential interested parties	deliverable D27	SAK 24.06.2026 / 20 participants	achieved
Final conference	not specified as a separate KPI	31 participants	implemented in addition to D27
Activities with available participant counts	not specified	approx. 161 attendances	supplementary indicator
Official project website	1 website	https://adfir.upjs.sk/	achieved
Project social media	1 profile / posts	LinkedIn ADFIR	achieved
LinkedIn posts	not specified	12 quantified posts / approx. 4,281 impressions	supplementary indicator
New followers of ADFIR LinkedIn	not specified	12 organic	achieved value; no target was set
ADFIR LinkedIn page views	not specified	45	achieved value; no target was set
Unique visitors to the ADFIR LinkedIn page	not specified	25	achieved value; no target was set

4.2 Project website KPIs

Table 5 – Project website KPIs

KPI	Result	Status
Website	https://adfir.upjs.sk/	active and publicly available

KPI	Result	Status
Blog / news	11 news and 8 blogs	implemented
Deliverables section	public section with project documents and scientific publications	implemented
Web analytics data	not available for the entire project period	not evaluated quantitatively
Website visits / views	reliable data for the project period are not available	not evaluated quantitatively
Deliverable downloads	reliable data for the project period are not available	not evaluated quantitatively

4.3 Social media KPIs

Analytics exports for the official LinkedIn profile cover different periods. The export of new followers and page traffic covers 14 September 2025 – 13 September 2026. The content-performance export covers 15 August 2026 – 13 September 2026. The results therefore cannot be extrapolated to the entire project duration without further assumptions.

Table 6 – KPIs of the official ADFIR LinkedIn profile

KPI	Period	Result	Note
New followers	14.09.2025–13.09.2026	12	all organic; no sponsored or automatically invited followers
Page views – total	14.09.2025–13.09.2026	45	26 desktop, 19 mobile
Unique page visitors – total	14.09.2025–13.09.2026	25	18 desktop, 8 mobile; platform export
Overview page views	14.09.2025–13.09.2026	34	23 unique visitors
Content impressions	15.08.2026–13.09.2026	56	organic
Content clicks	15.08.2026–13.09.2026	1	organic
Aggregate content engagement rate	15.08.2026–13.09.2026	1.79%	calculated from the available export for the stated period

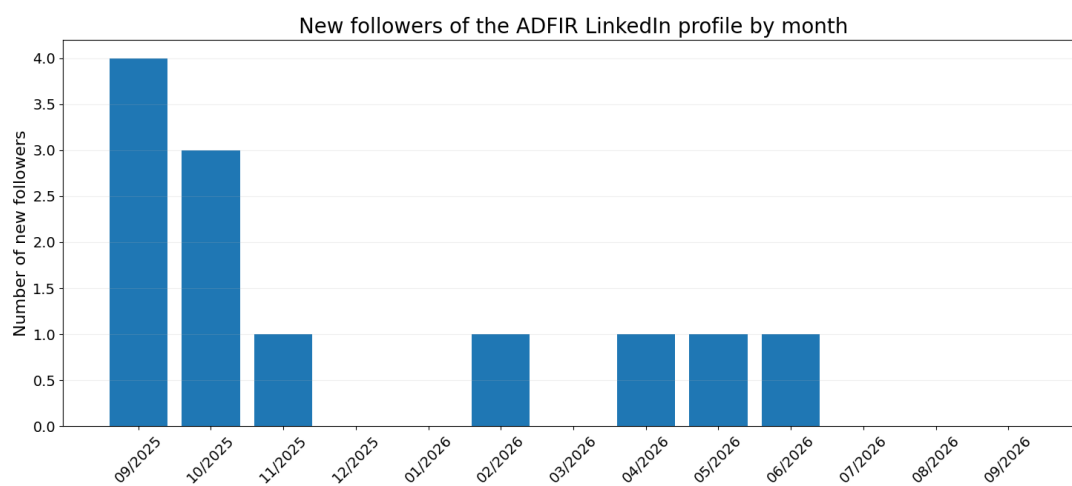


Figure 2 – New followers of the ADFIR LinkedIn profile by month

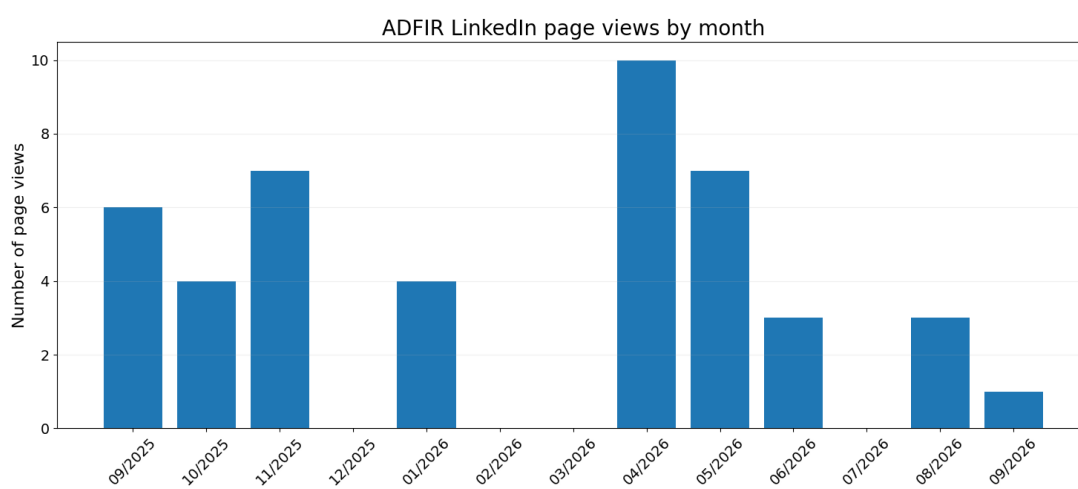


Figure 3 – ADFIR LinkedIn page views by month

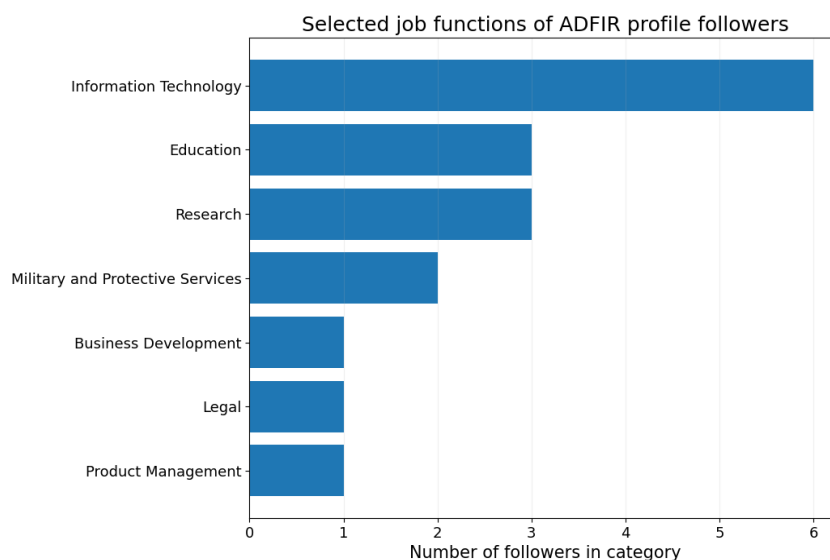


Figure 4 – Selected job functions of ADFIR profile followers

The profile reaches primarily a professional audience. In the available follower-demographics export, the dominant job functions are Information Technology (6), Education (3) and Research (3), while the most prominent industries are Higher Education (6) and Computer and Network Security (6). Among page visitors, the senior level is the most prominent (29 views), as is the Information Technology job function (13 views). This audience profile corresponds to the project's priority target groups.

The twelve quantitatively evaluated posts achieved a combined total of approximately 4,281 impressions, 879 engagements, 694 clicks, 178 reactions and 7 shares. The best-performing individual post in the available materials was IstroSec's post about DFRWS EU 2026, with 1,584 impressions, 385 clicks, 451 engagements and an engagement rate of 28.47%. The data confirm that the partner profile, with its already established audience, delivered substantially greater digital reach for the project than the standalone project profile.

Table 7 – Summary performance of quantified LinkedIn posts

Profile	Posts	Impressions	Engagements	Clicks	Reactions	Shares	Note
EISI (within the project profile)	9	approx. 2,168	397	297	96	4	project-relevant posts 2025–2026

Profile	Posts	Impressions	Engagements	Clicks	Reactions	Shares	Note
IstroSec	3	2 113	482	397	82	3	AI Meetup, final conference, DFRWS EU 2026
Total	12	approx. 4,281	879	694	178	7	sum of available partner metrics

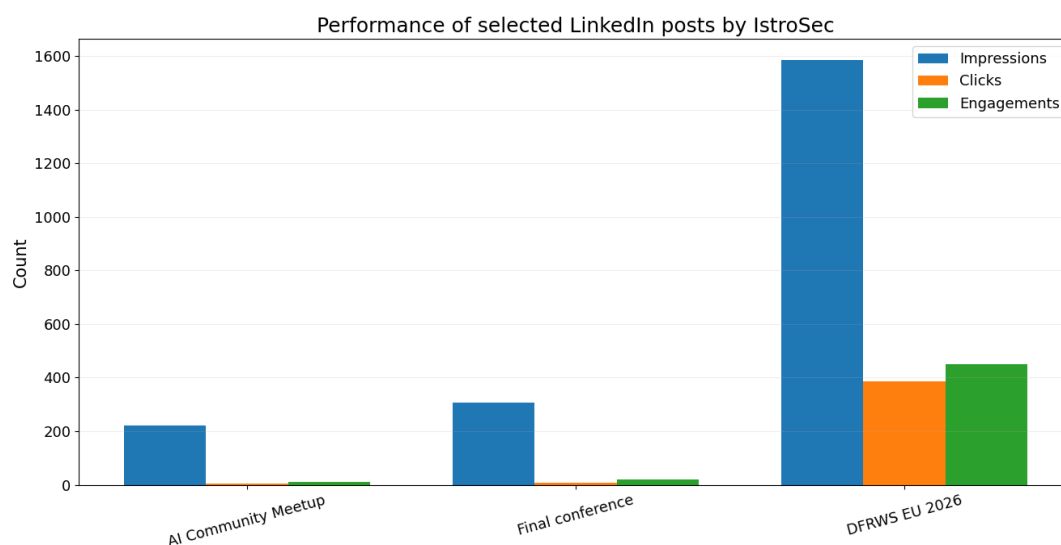


Figure 5 – Performance of selected LinkedIn posts by IstroSec

4.4 KPIs for scientific publications and events

The target of four scientific publications was achieved at 125%. The publications cover both the technical and legal dimensions of the project – from anti-forensic techniques and automated anomaly detection, through the use of formal concept analysis, to the procedural usability of OSINT as evidence in criminal proceedings. Two publications were associated with ITAT 2025, one with ARES 2025, one with CISIS 2026 and one was published in a legal scientific journal.

The project also carried out several professional and educational events. D26 was fulfilled through two workshops for students with a total declared attendance of approximately 30.

D27 was fulfilled through a workshop at the Slovak Bar Association on 24 June 2026 with 20 participants. The final conference on 24 June 2026 is reported separately as an additional dissemination activity and had 31 participants.

According to the available documentation, the reference project indicator of three dissemination activities for potential partners or users of the results was achieved. The SAK workshop, the AI Community Meetup and the final conference may be considered particularly relevant; however, the project also carried out additional activities with direct professional reach.

The Project Description also sets a target of two national and two international collaborations. The available materials sufficiently document at least three national collaborations with external entities, in particular cooperation with Disig, a.s., ESET, spol. s r.o. and Binary Confidence s.r.o. In the international dimension, repeated professional contacts, participation and presentations at DFRWS EU, ARES/WSDF and the DSA/ODR conference are documented, as are at least three international collaborations with external entities, in particular Axenta a.s. (Czech Republic), The Science, Entrepreneurship and Technologies University (SET) (Ukraine), and the University of Malaga (Spain).

5 Qualitative evaluation

Table 8 – Qualitative evaluation of dissemination

Area	Finding	Assessment
Project perception	The project was presented at established professional events and through partners from the academic, business and non-profit sectors.	positive
Quality of professional interaction	DFRWS EU 2026, the AI Community Meetup, the final conference and workshops created space for professional discussion and feedback.	good
Linking the technical and legal communities	The student workshops, the SAK workshop and the final conference deliberately connected digital forensics, cybersecurity and legal aspects.	strong
Scientific impact	Five scientific publications, including international conference outputs, provide a lasting and verifiable dissemination channel.	target achieved
Digital reach	The website and LinkedIn were implemented; the profiles achieved approximately 4,281 impressions in total. The official profile had a smaller but professionally relevant reach.	implemented / partially measurable

Area	Finding	Assessment
Monitoring under D7	LinkedIn was monitored using platform exports; reliable historical website analytics are not available for the entire project period and external media publicity was not recorded in a consolidated manner.	partially fulfilled
External media publicity	D7 envisages the systematic preparation and distribution of press and media releases; however, this was implemented only through the project website and social media.	partially documented

6 Coverage of target groups

Table 9 – Coverage of target groups

Target group	Main channels and activities	Assessment
Scientific and academic community	ARES, ITAT, DFRWS, CISIS, scientific publications, project website	high
Cybersecurity / DFIR	DFRWS, AI Community Meetup, LinkedIn, technical deliverables	high
Legal professions	SAK workshop, final conference, OSINT publication, ODR/DSA conference	high
Students and young professionals	two workshops, two educational activities, ITAT/DFRWS community activities	high
Public administration and security teams	final conference, AI Community Meetup, DFRWS and partner communication	medium
Commercial sector / potential users	Disig, a.s.; ESET, spol. s r.o.; Binary Confidence s.r.o., Axenta a.s., IstroSec, AI Community Meetup, final conference, LinkedIn	medium
Wider public and media	project website and public social media	limited to medium

The results indicate that communication was strongest towards professional and academic target groups, which reflects the specialist nature of the project. An important feature was the simultaneous coverage of technical and legal audiences, which is particularly relevant to ADFIR given the intended usability of digital traces in security practice as well as in criminal proceedings. Reach among the wider public, the media and parts of the commercial and policy audience is less well documented, mainly due to the absence of consolidated media metrics and website analytics.

7 Exploitation and sustainability of results

The dissemination activities supported the conditions for further exploitation of the project results in three main ways: by making professional deliverables and publications available, through direct contact with potential users and the professional community, and through the transfer of knowledge into education. The involvement of IstroSec provided a link to commercial and security practice, while UPJŠ and EISI covered the research, educational and legal dimensions.

The sustainability of dissemination after the end of the project can be supported by maintaining the project website as an archive of deliverables, retaining and occasionally updating the LinkedIn profile, depositing scientific publications and public deliverables in stable repositories, and continuing to use the methodologies and results in teaching, professional training and follow-up research.

8 Evaluation of implementation of the Communication, Dissemination and Exploitation Plan (D7)

Table 10 – Evaluation of implementation of the main D7 areas

D7 area	Planned framework	Status	Finding
Project website	creation and ongoing updating of the central website	achieved	the website is functional and contains news and a deliverables section
Project deliverables	creation and making deliverables available according to P/N status	achieved	27 deliverables created; all 23 public deliverables (P) published; 4 deliverables with N status
LinkedIn	primary professional social-media channel and regular communication	achieved	official profile + partner amplification; D7 does not set a minimum number of posts
Scientific publications	publication of results in scientific articles	achieved	5; 65 pages in total
Conferences and professional events	presentation of results to the professional community	achieved	ARES, ITAT, DFRWS, AI Meetup, final conference and other activities

D7 area	Planned framework	Status	Finding
Workshops and educational activities for students	educational activities and know-how transfer	achieved	2 workshops / 30 participants 2 educational activities / 54 participants
Workshop for potential interested parties	professional dissemination towards practice	achieved	SAK 24.06.2026 / 20 participants
Legal professions	targeted communication on the legal use of digital traces	achieved	SAK, OSINT article, final conference, ODR/DSA
Press and media releases	systematic releases at significant milestones and distribution through appropriate channels	partially documented	strong own-channel and partner communication; separate external media KPIs are limited
KPI monitoring	quantitative and qualitative monitoring of the website, LinkedIn, media, publications and interactions	partially fulfilled	LinkedIn data are available; reliable historical website analytics are not available for the entire project period; media data are not consolidated

The final evaluation confirms that, in most of the main areas, the selected communication and dissemination strategy was appropriate to the nature of the project and its target groups. The project produced all 27 planned deliverables; 23 deliverables with P status were published, while 4 deliverables with N status were intended for the internal project archive. The project achieved the target of four scientific publications and the reference target of three dissemination activities for potential partners or users. D7 does not define numerical thresholds for the number of posts, conferences, workshops or website visits in its monitoring framework; fulfilment is therefore assessed on the basis of implementation of the planned areas and the available measured data. The main data gaps remain the unavailability of reliable historical website analytics, non-consolidated data on external media publicity.m

9 Conclusions and recommendations

During its implementation, the ADFIR project carried out an extensive set of communication, scientific, educational and professional dissemination activities and produced 27 project deliverables. Of these, 23 (85,19 %) were intended for public access or another form of public dissemination and all 23 were published; 4 deliverables were non-public. The project target of four scientific publications was achieved with 5 publications with a combined length of 65

pages, and the reference target of three dissemination activities for potential partners or users was achieved. At least three national collaborations are documented in the available materials; for the three international collaborations, the documentation demonstrates intensive international professional networking and presentations. For activities with available attendance data, the aggregate declared reach was approximately 161 attendances.

Digital communication was implemented through the website, the official LinkedIn profile and partner social-media channels. In the available annual export, the official LinkedIn profile gained 12 new organic followers and recorded 45 page views from 25 unique visitors. The twelve posts achieved a combined total of approximately 4,281 impressions, 879 engagements and 694 clicks. This channel therefore provided significant amplification of project communication. The website was created and actively used for content, but reliable historical analytics on traffic and downloads are not available for the entire project period; its quantitative reach therefore cannot be reliably evaluated retrospectively.

For the sustainability of the results and for future projects, it is recommended in particular to:

- maintain the project website as a stable archive of public deliverables and add all deliverables intended for public publication;
- combine the official project profile with established partner channels in social-media communication, as these demonstrably have greater reach;
- maintain an ongoing register of press and media outputs, including links, dates, media type and available reach data;
- retain social-media exports, attendance lists and other evidence of events in a single project archive for future evaluations and audits;
- continue using the project methodologies and scientific outputs in teaching, professional training and cooperation with security, legal and applied practice.

Appendix 1 – List of dissemination activities

Table 11 – List of main dissemination and communication activities

Period	Activity	Format	Partner	Target group
03/2025	ADFIR project kick-off – web communication	web	UPJŠ/EISI/IstroSec	project / partners
01.–04.04.2025	DFRWS EU 2025, Brno	conference / networking	UPJŠ, IstroSec	DFIR community
11.–14.08.2025	ARES 2025, Ghent – presentation of results and scientific article	conference / publication	UPJŠ	international professional community
26.–30.09.2025	ITAT 2025 – presentation of partial results	conference / publications	UPJŠ	academic and professional community
10/2025	International ODR/DSA conference – discussion on digital evidence	professional conference	EISI	legal/regulatory community
3.11.2025	Digital Forensic Analysis – AI Security, UPJŠ	educational activity	UPJŠ	secondary-school students
13.11.2025	Data Analysis from Theory to Practice – Analysis of Digital Traces	workshop	UPJŠ	students
23.02.2026	Digital Forensic Analysis – AI Security, SOŠ Rožňava	educational activity	UPJŠ	secondary-school students
23.–27.03.2026	DFRWS EU 2026 – poster “Lifecycle of Automated Digital Forensic Analysis Using Machine Learning”	poster / conference	UPJŠ, IstroSec	international DFIR community
04.05.2026	Digital Forensics in Criminal Proceedings – Practice, Pitfalls and Evidence	workshop	UPJŠ	law and computer science students
18.06.2026	AI Community Meetup – AI & Cybersecurity	meetup / panel	UPJŠ, IstroSec	professional public
24.06.2026	Securing Digital Traces and Usability of Electronic Evidence – SAK	workshop	EISI/UPJŠ	lawyers
24.06.2026	Final Conference of the ADFIR Project	conference	UPJŠ, EISI, IstroSec	IT, security, research, public administration, law
2025–2026	Ongoing publication of news and deliverables	web	consortium	all target groups
2025–2026	Project and partner communication on LinkedIn	social media	EISI, IstroSec, ADFIR	professional and academic public

Appendix 2 – Overview of ADFIR project deliverables

Table 12 – List of project deliverables by work package

No.	KPB	Deliverable	Access
1	KPB1	Methodology for contractual relations	N – non-public
2	KPB1	Method for digital evidence anonymization	P – public
3	KPB1	Methodology of procedure for digital evidence processing	P – public
4	KPB1	Project management handbook	N – non-public
5	KPB1	Interim report on the implementation and achievements of the project	N – non-public
6	KPB1	Final report on the achievements of the project	P – public
7	KPB1	Communication, Dissemination and Exploitation Plan	N – non-public
8	KPB1	Project website	P – public
9	KPB1	Project social media	P – public
10	KPB1	Communications toolkit	P – public
11	KPB1	Report on dissemination KPIs	P – public
12	KPB2	Method for automated collection of digital evidence	P – public
13	KPB2	Method for dataset creation	P – public
14	KPB2	Synthetic dataset	P – public
15	KPB3	Model for digital evidence extraction to matrix representation	P – public
16	KPB3	Model for digital evidence extraction to graph representation	P – public
17	KPB3	Model for aggregation and connection of digital evidence	P – public
18	KPB3	Model for digital evidence enrichment	P – public
19	KPB4	Method for digital evidence identification: clustering and large language models; Method for digital evidence identification: anomaly detection	P – public
20	KPB4	Method for identification of relations: factorisation of the formal context; Method for identification of relations: significant time windows	P – public
21	KPB4	Method for determination of time frame and attack phases	P – public
22	KPB4	Database of behavioural patterns	P – public
23	KPB5	Methodology for timeline of case creation	P – public
24	KPB5	Extended report from forensic analysis	P – public
25	KPB5	Peer-reviewed scientific articles	P – public
26	KPB5	Workshop for students	P – public
27	KPB5	Workshop for potential interested parties	P – public